MEMO# 27326

June 20, 2013

Draft Comment Letter to SEC in Response to RFI on Possible Fiduciary Duty for Broker-Dealers and IA-BD Harmonization; Comments Requested by June 28

[27326]

June 20, 2013

TO: SEC RULES COMMITTEE No. 27-13
INVESTMENT ADVISERS COMMITTEE No. 2-13
SMALL FUNDS COMMITTEE No. 14-13
PENSION COMMITTEE No. 13-13 RE: DRAFT COMMENT LETTER TO SEC IN RESPONSE TO RFI
ON POSSIBLE FIDUCIARY DUTY FOR BROKER-DEALERS AND IA-BD HARMONIZATION;
COMMENTS REQUESTED BY JUNE 28

As you know, [1] the Securities and Exchange Commission published a request for data and other information to assist it in considering whether to make new rules about the standards of conduct and regulatory obligations for broker-dealers and investment advisers when they provide personalized investment advice about securities to retail customers (the "RFI"). [2] Comments are due to the SEC on July 5, 2013.

A draft letter in response to the RFI is attached and briefly summarized below. Please provide any comments on the draft to me at 202/371-5430 or rcg@ici.org no later than Friday, June 28.

The draft letter notes at the outset that nothing in the RFI is specific to the recommendation or sale of shares issued by registered investment companies. The RFI is product-neutral—its questions relate to the provision of advice about any security to retail investors, and are not limited to advice about mutual funds and other registered investment companies. The letter points out, however, that the fund industry has a significant interest in this topic because investors in more than 30 million U.S. households own funds purchased through or with the help of financial professionals such as broker-dealers and investment advisers.

The draft letter has four sections. The first section outlines ICI's position on whether, as a

policy matter, the SEC should adopt a fiduciary standard of conduct for broker-dealers when they are providing personalized investment advice about securities to retail investors. The second section of the letter provides data and other information on the ownership of funds by retail customers in the United States. The final two sections address the potential impact of a fiduciary duty on broker-dealers with respect to their recommendation and sale of fund shares and the concept of harmonization of the investment adviser and broker-dealer regulatory regimes.

1. ICI's Position on Fiduciary Duties for Broker-Dealers

The letter reiterates positions ICI has expressed in earlier testimony on the concept of imposing a fiduciary duty on broker-dealers when providing personalized investment advice to retail customers about securities, namely:

- That the SEC should establish a fiduciary standard for broker-dealers in that context;
- That the SEC should adopt rules establishing the new uniform fiduciary standard for advisers and broker-dealers as an "overlay" to supplement, and not supplant, the existing investment adviser and broker-dealer regimes; and
- That in crafting implementing rules, the SEC must take care to apply the fiduciary standard in a way that will not chill legitimate practices by broker-dealers, such as maintaining a commission-based business, selling proprietary investment products, servicing orphaned accounts, and engaging in trading as principal (subject to appropriate limitations, disclosure, and customer consent).

The draft letter also reiterates two other points made in our 2011 testimony. First, the letter encourages the SEC, as it considers the impact of a fiduciary duty on principal trading by broker-dealers, to revisit its interpretations under Section 206(3) for registered investment advisers. Second, it argues that as the standard of care for broker-dealers and advisers is harmonized, the label applied to the type of compensation they receive should no longer be relevant and advisers and broker-dealers providing personalized investment advice or recommendations should equally be permitted to receive—and share—both asset-based fees and commissions.

2. The Ownership of Funds by Retail Customers in the United States

The second section of the draft letter provides an overview of fund ownership in the United States. It includes a narrative description on the history of fund distribution and the evolution of intermediary compensation, a description of common types of fund share classes, and statistical information and trends with respect to share class ownership.

The data in this section is drawn from the 2013 Investment Company Fact Book, and several graphs and charts from the Fact Book will be inserted into the final letter. [3]

3. The Potential Impact of a Fiduciary Duty on Broker-Dealers with Respect to their Recommendation and Sale of Fund Shares

Part III of the RFI seeks data and other information on the potential implications for the marketplace with respect to establishing a uniform fiduciary standard of conduct for broker-dealers and investment advisers. Section 3 of our letter addresses this point.

The draft letter suggests that it is impossible to predict how imposing a fiduciary duty on broker-dealers would affect the sale of fund shares. It notes that, regardless of the approach ultimately taken by the Commission, we expect that fund sponsors will continue

to design share classes to meet the needs of their various distribution partners. It also notes that certain assumptions in the RFI might suggest that the imposition of a fiduciary duty may have little or no impact on the sale of fund shares.

4. Harmonization of the IA and BD Regulatory Regimes

The RFI seeks data and other information on potential areas, other than the standard of conduct, where the Commission might consider harmonizing the regulatory obligations of broker-dealers and investment advisers. The last section of the draft letter addresses harmonization. It expresses the view that the Commission's consideration of harmonization issues, at least in the near term, should be linked to its consideration of a fiduciary duty and limited to the same context. [4] That said, the letter suggests that the Commission wait until markets have had a chance to adjust to any new fiduciary standard and then determine whether the imposition of the new standard has resulted in greater convergence of business models. If so, the letter suggests that further consideration of additional harmonization might be warranted.

Robert C. Grohowski Senior Counsel Securities Regulation - Investment Companies

<u>Attachment</u>

endnotes

- [1] See Memorandum No. 27100, dated March 11, 2013.
- [2] Duties of Brokers, Dealers, and Investment Advisers, SEC Release No. 34-69013 and IA-3558 (March 1, 2013), available at http://www.sec.gov/rules/other/2013/34-69013.pdf.
- [3] A list of the charts and graphs we intend to include is at the end of the letter. Although the charts and graphs were not included in the draft letter, they are available at http://www.icifactbook.org/.
- [4] Unlike the rest of the RFI, this section is not expressly limited to those instances in which broker-dealers and investment advisers perform the same or substantially similar functions while providing personalized investment advice about securities to retail customers.

Copyright © by the Investment Company Institute. All rights reserved. Information may be abridged and therefore incomplete. Communications from the Institute do not constitute, and should not be considered a substitute for, legal advice.